107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2843

To direct the Consumer Product Safety Commission to promulgate a rule that requires manufacturers of certain consumer products to establish and maintain a system for providing notification of recalls of such products to consumers who first purchase such a product.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 1, 2002

Ms. Landrieu introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

- To direct the Consumer Product Safety Commission to promulgate a rule that requires manufacturers of certain consumer products to establish and maintain a system for providing notification of recalls of such products to consumers who first purchase such a product.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Product Safety Notifi-
 - 5 cation and Recall Effectiveness Act of 2002".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
 - 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- (1) The Consumer Product Safety Commission conducts approximately 300 recalls of hazardous, dangerous, and defective consumer products each year.
 - (2) In developing comprehensive corrective action plans with recalling companies, the Consumer Product Safety Commission staff greatly relies upon the media and retailers to alert consumers to the dangers of unsafe consumer products, because the manufacturers do not generally possess contact information regarding the purchasing consumers. Based upon information received from companies maintaining customer registration lists, such contact information is known for generally less than 7 percent of the total consumer products produced and distributed.
 - (3) The Consumer Product Safety Commission staff has found that most consumers do not return purchaser identification cards because of requests for marketing and personal information on the cards, and the likelihood of receiving unsolicited marketing materials.
 - (4) The Consumer Product Safety Commission staff has conducted research demonstrating that direct consumer contact is one of the most effective

- 1 ways of motivating consumer response to a con-2 sumer product recall.
 - (5) Companies that maintain consumer product purchase data, such as product registration cards, warranty cards, and rebate cards, are able to effectively notify consumers of a consumer product recall.
 - (6) The Consumer Product Safety Commission staff has found that a consumer product safety owner card, without marketing questions or requests for personal information, that accompanied products such as small household appliances and juvenile products would increase consumer participation and information necessary for direct notification in consumer product recalls.
 - (7) The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration has, since March 1993, required similar simplified, marketing-free product registration cards on child safety seats used in motor vehicles.
- 19 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to reduce 20 the number of deaths and injuries from defective and haz-21 ardous consumer products through improved recall effec-22 tiveness, by—
- 23 (1) requiring the Consumer Product Safety 24 Commission to promulgate a rule to require manu-25 facturers of juvenile products, small household appli-

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1	ances, and certain other consumer products, to in-
2	clude a simplified product safety owner card with
3	those consumer products at the time of original pur-
4	chase by consumers, or develop effective electronic
5	registration of the first purchasers of such products,
6	to develop a customer database for the purpose of
7	notifying consumers about recalls of those products;
8	and
9	(2) encouraging manufacturers, private labelers,
10	retailers, and others to use creativity and innovation
11	to create and maintain effective methods of notifying
12	consumers in the event of a consumer product recall.
13	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
14	For purposes of this Act:
	(1) Thomas programs by governme propriem
15	(1) Terms defined in consumer product
16	SAFETY ACT.—The definitions set forth in section 3
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16 17	SAFETY ACT.—The definitions set forth in section 3 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C.
16 17 18	SAFETY ACT.—The definitions set forth in section 3 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2052) shall apply to this Act.
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16 17 18 19 20	SAFETY ACT.—The definitions set forth in section 3 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2052) shall apply to this Act. (2) COVERED CONSUMER PRODUCT.—The term "covered consumer product" means—
16 17 18 19 20 21	SAFETY ACT.—The definitions set forth in section 3 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2052) shall apply to this Act. (2) COVERED CONSUMER PRODUCT.—The term "covered consumer product" means— (A) a juvenile product;
16 17 18 19 20 21	SAFETY ACT.—The definitions set forth in section 3 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2052) shall apply to this Act. (2) Covered consumer product.—The term "covered consumer product" means— (A) a juvenile product; (B) a small household appliance; and

1	(3) JUVENILE PRODUCT.—The term "juvenile
2	product''—
3	(A) means a consumer product intended
4	for use, or that may be reasonably expected to
5	be used, by children under the age of 5 years;
6	and
7	(B) includes—
8	(i) full-size cribs and nonfull-size
9	cribs;
10	(ii) toddler beds;
11	(iii) high chairs, booster chairs, and
12	hook-on chairs;
13	(iv) bath seats;
14	(v) gates and other enclosures for con-
15	fining a child;
16	(vi) playpens;
17	(vii) stationary activity centers;
18	(viii) strollers;
19	(ix) walkers;
20	(x) swings;
21	(xi) child carriers; and
22	(xii) bassinets and cradles.
23	(4) PRODUCT SAFETY OWNER CARD.—The term
24	"product safety owner card" means a standardized
25	product identification card supplied with a consumer

- product by the manufacturer of the product, at the time of original purchase by the first purchaser of such product for purposes other than resale, that only requests that the consumer of such product provide to the manufacturer a minimal level of personal information needed to enable the manufacturer to contact the consumer in the event of a recall of the product.
- 9 (5) SMALL HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE.—The term
 10 "small household appliance" means a consumer
 11 product that is a toaster, toaster oven, blender, food
 12 processor, coffee maker, or other similar small appli13 ance as provided for in the rule promulgated by the
 14 Consumer Product Safety Commission.

15 SEC. 4. RULE REQUIRING SYSTEM TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF

- 16 RECALLS OF CERTAIN CONSUMER PROD-
- 17 UCTS.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall promulgate
- 19 a rule under section 16(b) of the Consumer Product Safe-
- 20 ty Act (15 U.S.C. 2065(b)) that requires that the manu-
- 21 facturer of a covered consumer product shall establish and
- 22 maintain a system for providing notification of recalls of
- 23 such product to consumers of such product.
- 24 (b) REQUIREMENT TO CREATE DATABASE.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The rule shall require that 1 2 the system include use of product safety owner 3 cards, Internet registration, or an alternative method, to create a database of information regarding 5 consumers of covered consumer products, for the 6 sole purpose of notifying such consumers of recalls 7 of such products.
- (2) Use of technology.—Alternative meth-8 9 ods specified in the rule may include use of on-line 10 product registration and consumer notification, consumer information data bases, electronic tagging 12 and bar codes, embedded computer chips in con-13 sumer products, or other electronic and design strat-14 egies to notify consumers about product recalls, that 15 the Commission determines will increase the effec-16 tiveness of recalls of covered consumer products.
- 17 (c) Use of Commission Staff Proposal.—In promulgating the rule, the Commission shall consider the 18 19 staff draft for an Advanced Notice of Proposed Rule-20 making entitled "Purchaser Owner Card Program", dated 21 June 19, 2001.
- 22 (d) Exclusion of Low-Price Items.—The Com-23 mission shall have the authority to exclude certain lowcost items from the rule for good cause.
- 25 (e) Deadlines.—

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1	(1) In General.—The Commission—
2	(A) shall issue a proposed rule under this
3	section by not later than 90 days after the date
4	of enactment of this Act; and
5	(B) shall promulgate a final rule under
6	this section by not later than 270 days after the
7	date of enactment of this Act.
8	(2) Extension.—The Commission may extend
9	the deadline described in paragraph (1) if the Com-
10	mission provides timely notice to the Committee or
11	Energy and Commerce of the House of Representa-
12	tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
13	Transportation of the Senate.

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